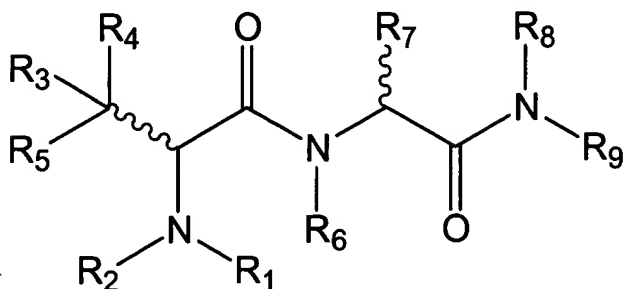


IN THE CLAIMS:

1-21. (Cancel)

22. (Currently Amended) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R_1 and R_2 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR -, provided that neither R_1 or R_2 is tert-butoxycarbonyl, and provided that if either one of R_1 and R_2 is H, each of R_3 , R_4 , R_6 and R_8 are H and R_5 is isopropyl or phenyl, and R_7 is methyl or benzyl, then for whichever of R_1 or R_2 is R or ArR -, the definition of R is limited to a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R_{10} is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group or R_1 and R_2 are joined to form a ring Ring;

R_3 and R_4 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR -,

or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

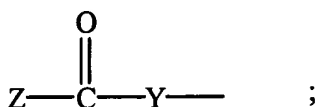
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

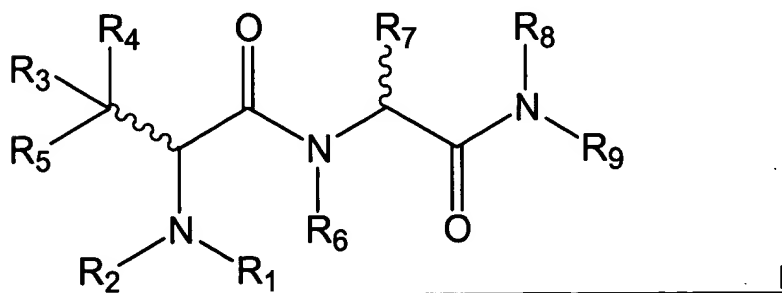
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH)(NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

23. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or pyrrolyl.

24. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22, where~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,
provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a
ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,
or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

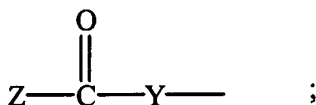
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: naphthyl, anthracyl, or pyrrolyl;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or
non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen
atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms
are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂,
-NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO,
-COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀,
-SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or
unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven

member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

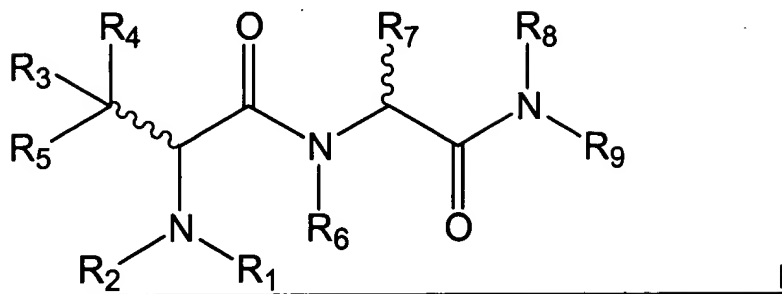
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH)(NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

25. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R₅ is phenyl.

26. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22, wherein A compound or~~
pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

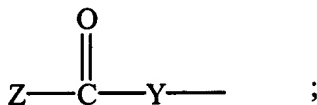
R₅ is H;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂,

-NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

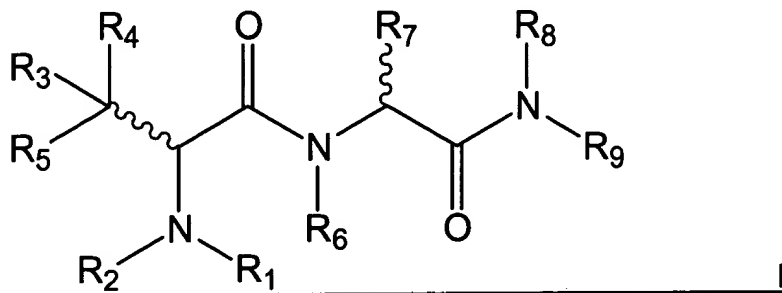
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH) (NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

27. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R₅ is R.

28. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 27, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,
provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a
ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,
or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

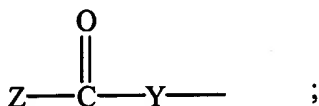
R₅ is methyl;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group.

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R.

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

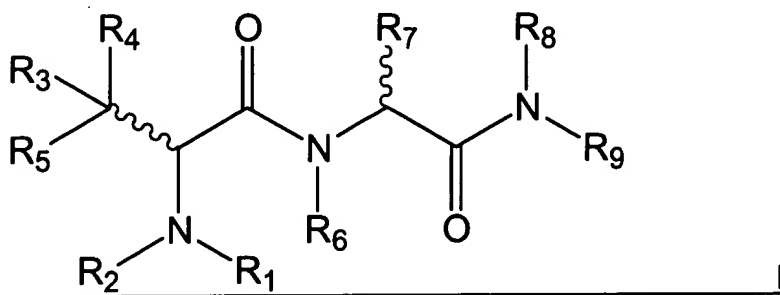
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH;

-SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH)(NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

29. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

one of R₃ and R₄ is H and the other of R₃ and R₄ is ArR-;

R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

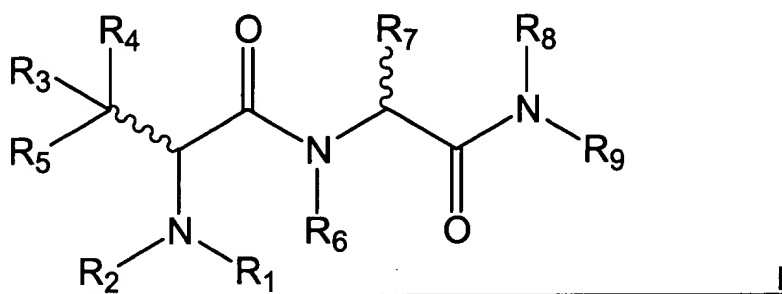
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH;

-SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH)(NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

30. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are each R;

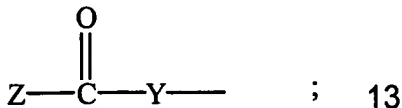
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH;

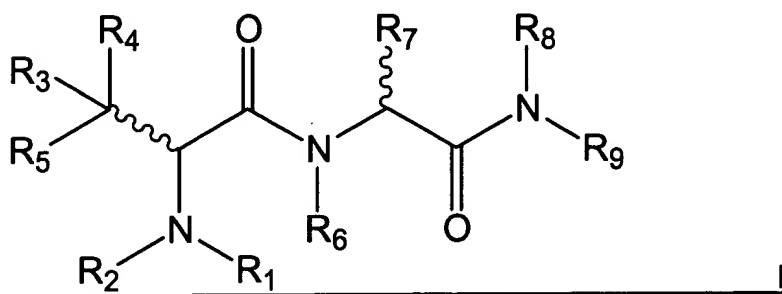
-SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH) (NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

31. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 30, wherein R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: methyl, ethyl, n-propyl and n-butyl.

32. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 31, wherein R₃ and R₄ are each -CH₃.

33. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 32, wherein R₅ is Ar.

34. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 22, wherein A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a

ring;

R_3 and R_4 are joined and form a moiety selected from the group consisting of β -cyclopropyl, β -cyclobutyl, β -cyclopentyl and β -cyclohexyl;

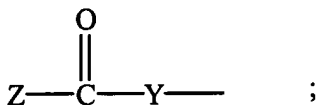
R_5 is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R_6 is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R_7 and R_8 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R_9 is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R_1 and R_2 or by joining R_3 and R_4 is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN,

-CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂,
-SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH) (NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

35. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, n-butyl and acetyl.

36. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R₁ and R₂ are joined and form a moiety selected from the group consisting of cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl.

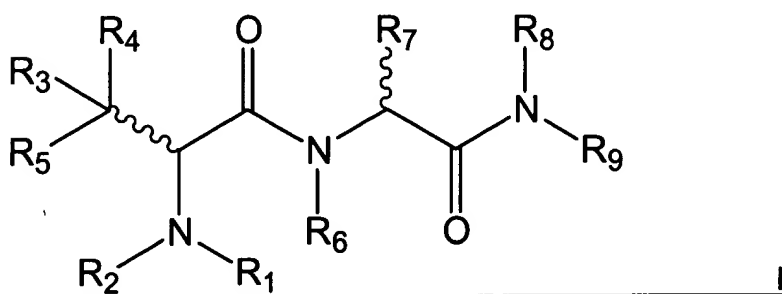
37. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R_1 and R_2 are independently H, CH_3 or acetyl.
38. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R_1 and R_2 are independently H or CH_3 .
39. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 38, wherein R_1 is H, and R_2 is $-CH_3$.
40. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 38, wherein R_5 is Ar.
41. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 38, wherein R_3 and R_4 are each $-CH_3$.
42. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 41, wherein R_5 is Ar.
43. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 42, wherein R_5 is phenyl.
44. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R_6 is H or CH_3 .
45. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 42, wherein R_6 is H or CH_3 .
46. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 45, wherein R_6 is H.

47. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R_8 is H or CH_3 .
48. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 42, wherein R_8 is H or CH_3 .
49. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 45, wherein R_8 is H or CH_3 .
50. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 49, wherein R_8 is CH_3 .
51. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R_6 is H and R_8 is CH_3 .
52. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 42, wherein R_6 is H and R_8 is CH_3 .
53. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R_7 is a three to six carbon atom, branched alkyl group.
54. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 42, wherein R_7 is a three to six carbon atom, branched alkyl group.
55. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 45, wherein R_7 is a three to six carbon atom, branched alkyl group.
56. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 49, wherein R_7 is a three to six carbon atom, branched alkyl group.

57. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 53, wherein R_7 is $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$.

58. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R_6 is H, R_7 is $-\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_3$, and R_8 is $-\text{CH}_3$.

59. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R_1 and R_2 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and $\text{ArR}-$, provided that neither R_1 or R_2 is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R_1 and R_2 are joined to form a ring;

R_3 and R_4 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and $\text{ArR}-$, or R_3 and R_4 are joined to form a ring;

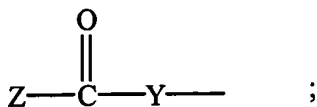
R_5 is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, $\text{ArR}-$, and Ar;

R_6 is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and $\text{ArR}-$;

R_7 and R_8 are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and $\text{ArR}-$;

and

R_9 is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group.

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

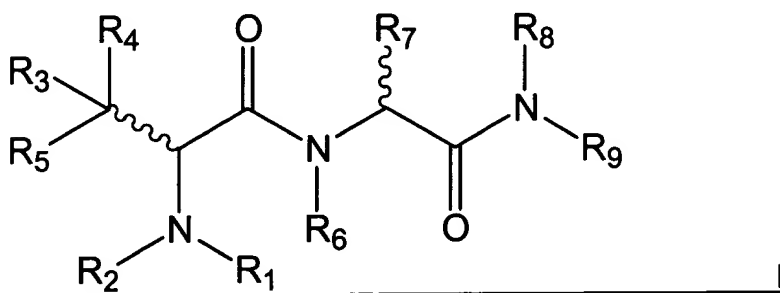
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is $\text{-NHCH(R}_{11}\text{)COOH}$ or $\text{-NCH}_3\text{CH(R}_{11}\text{)COOH}$, wherein R_{11} is R; or, $\text{-(CH}_2\text{)}_n\text{NHC(NH)(NH}_2\text{)}$.

60. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein Z is -OR₁₄ in which R₁₄ is a linear or branched one to six carbon alkyl group.

61. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22, wherein~~ A compound or
pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,
provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a
ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,
or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

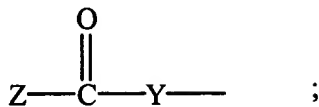
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

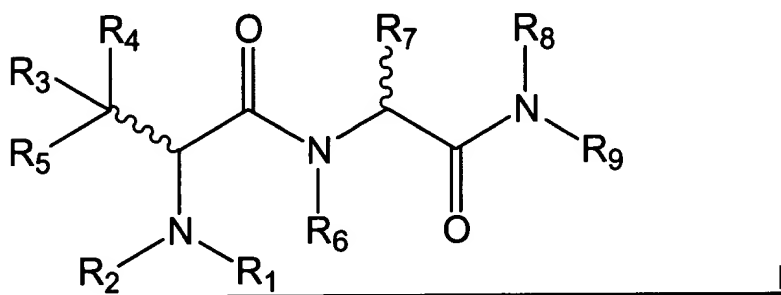
Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited

to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and

Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is OH.

62. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group.

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

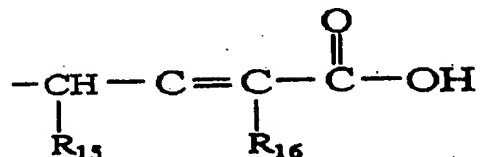
X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

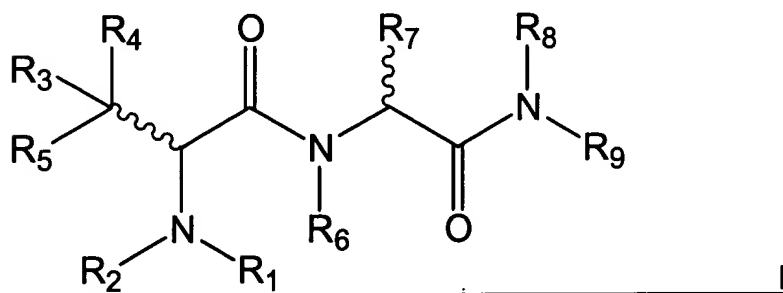
Z is -OCH₃.

63. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein R₉ has the formula:



wherein R₁₅ is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, iso-butyl, and sec-butyl; and R₁₆ is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl and sec-butyl.

64. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 63, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

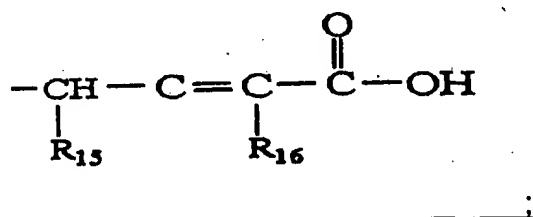
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ has the formula:



wherein R₁₅ is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, iso-butyl, and sec-butyl; and R₁₆ is methyl;

R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂,

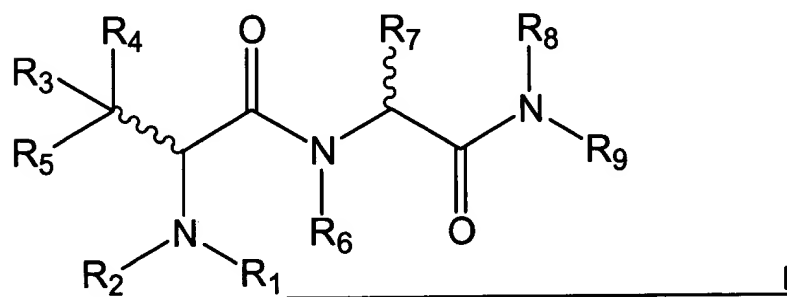
-SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH)(NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

65. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 63,~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,

provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

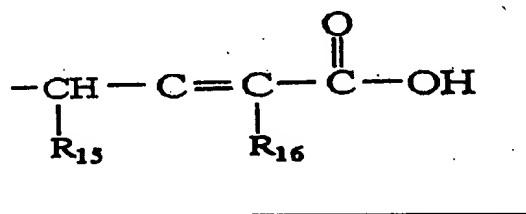
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ has the formula:



wherein R₁₅ is isopropyl and R₁₆ is methyl;

R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

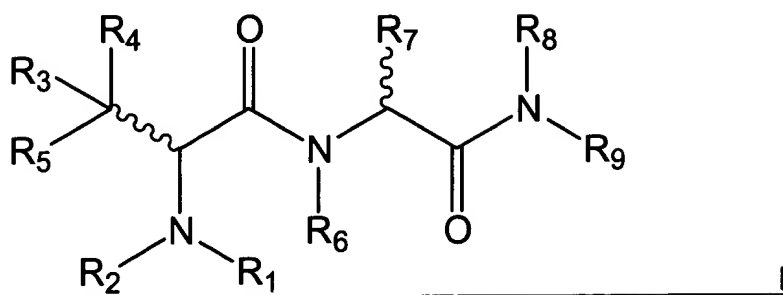
X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH)(NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

66. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 55, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

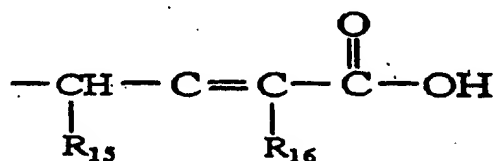
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is H or CH₃;

R₇ is a three to six carbon atom, branched alkyl group;

R₈ is independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-; and

R₉ has the formula:



wherein R₁₅ is selected from the group consisting of: methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, iso-butyl, and sec-butyl; and R₁₆ is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl and sec-butyl

R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

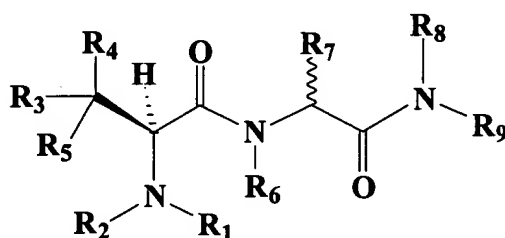
Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH;

-SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH) (NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

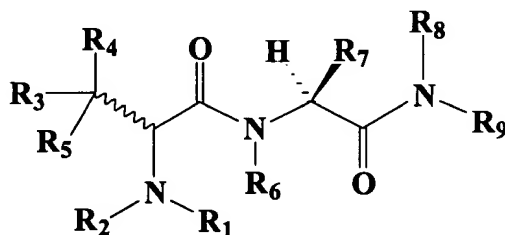
67. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 66, wherein Z is OH or -OR₁₄ in which R₁₄ is a linear or branched one to six carbon alkyl group.

68. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, having the configuration:

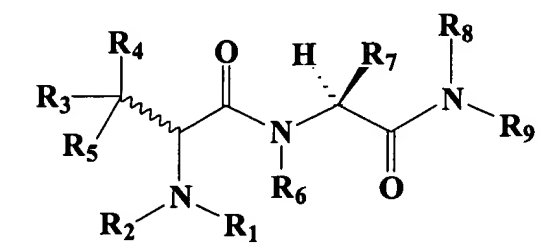


69. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, wherein Y comprises a chiral centre having an s-configuration.

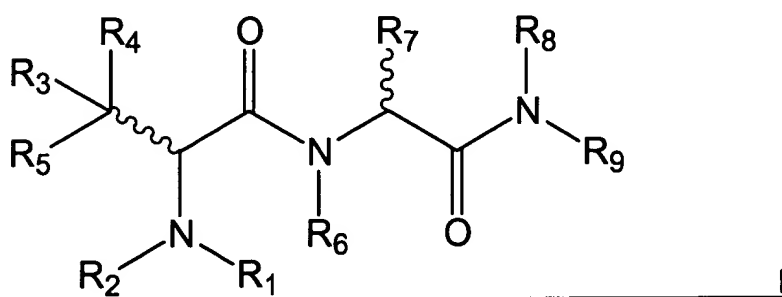
70. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 22, having the configuration:



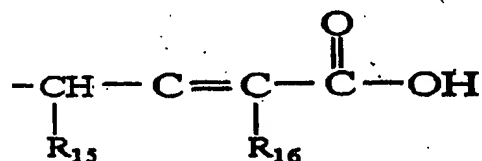
71. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 70, wherein~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof having the configuration:



and having the formula:



wherein R₅ is Ar; R₃ and R₄ are each CH₃; R₁, R₂, R₆ and R₈ are independently H or CH₃; R₇ is a three to six carbon branched alkyl group; and, R₉ has the formula



wherein R₁₅ is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, tert-butyl, iso-butyl, and sec-butyl; and R₁₆ is selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl and sec-butyl;

R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms

are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

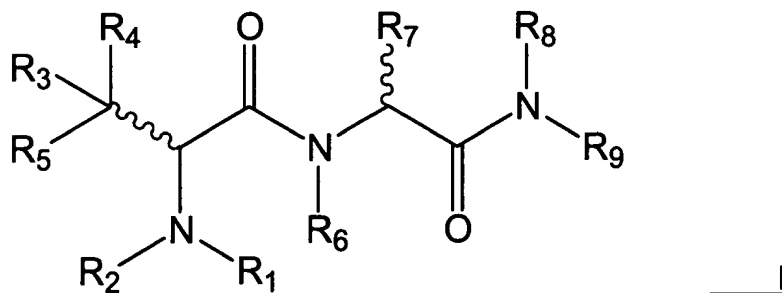
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected

from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH) (NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

72. (Currently Amended) ~~The compound of claim 22,~~ A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

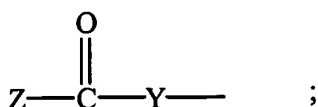
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group.

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R.

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

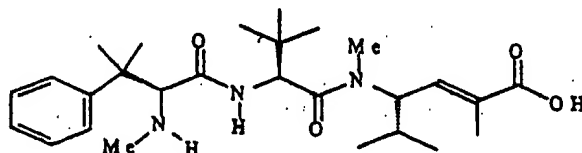
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH;

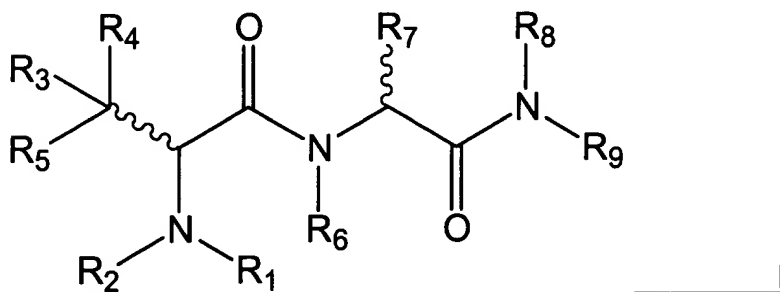
-SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH)(NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein the compound has the structure:



in which Me is CH₃.

73. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition suitable for treating tumors comprising an anti-tumor effective amount of a compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt having the formula having the formula



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-, provided that neither R₁ or R₂ is tert-butoxycarbonyl, or R₁ and R₂ are joined to form a ring;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-,

or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

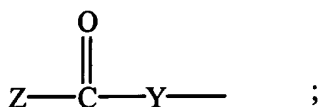
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

R₇ and R₈ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, R, and ArR-;

and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

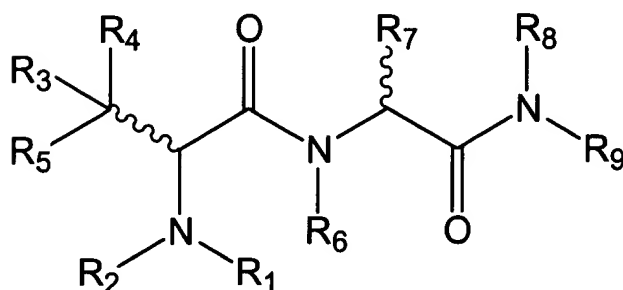
Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with R, ArR-, or X; provided however if R₈ is H, then the optional substituents on Y are limited to R and ArR- wherein R is linear, branched or cyclic alkyl of one to ten carbon atoms and Ar is phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, or phenanthryl; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH; and -NRCH(R₁₁)COOH, wherein R₁₁ is a moiety having the formula: R, or -(CH₂)_nNR₁₂R₁₃, wherein n=1-4 and R₁₂ and R₁₃ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H; R; and -C(NH) (NH₂), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

an acceptable pharmaceutical excipient.

74. (Withdrawn) A method of treating tumors by arresting cell mitosis in a patient in need of such treatment comprising administering to said patient an anti-mitotic effective amount of at least one compound of claim 22.

75. (New) A compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, having the formula:



wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H and a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to one nitrogen atoms, zero to four sulfur atoms and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =S, -OH, -SH, -NH₂, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CHO, -CONH₂, -COSH, -NO₂ and -SO₃H;

R₃ and R₄ are H or a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -SH, -NH₂, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CHO, -CONH₂, -COSH, -NO₂, -SO₃H, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a ring;

R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: H, R, ArR-, and Ar;

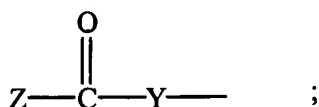
R₆ is H;

R₇ is ArR- or a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are

optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -SH, -NH₂, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CHO, -CONH₂, -COSH, -NO₂;

R₈ is selected from the group consisting of: H and a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms optionally substituted with -OH; and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

the ring formed by joining R₁ and R₂ or by joining R₃ and R₄ is a three to seven member non-aromatic cyclic skeleton within the definition of R,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl or a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms optionally substituted with: =S, -OH; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR; -SH; -SR; -NH₂; or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

76. (New) The compound or pharmaceutically acceptable salt of claim 75, wherein:

R₁ and R₂ are independently selected from the group consisting of: H, methyl, ethyl, propyl and n-butyl;

R₃ and R₄ are independently selected from the group consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl and n-butyl, or R₃ and R₄ are joined to form a three to seven member non-aromatic ring;

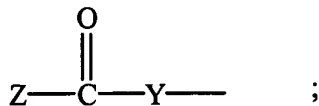
R₅ is selected from the group consisting of: R, ArR-, and Ar;

R₆ is H;

R₇ is ArR- or a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, -OH, -SH, -NH₂, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CHO;

R₈ is selected from the group consisting of: H and CH₃; and

R₉ is:



R is defined as a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms, zero to four nitrogen atoms, zero to four oxygen atoms, and zero to four sulfur atoms, and the carbon atoms are optionally substituted with: =O, =S, -OH, -OR₁₀, -O₂CR₁₀, -SH, -SR₁₀, -SOCR₁₀, -NH₂, -NHR₁₀, -N(R₁₀)₂, -NHCOR₁₀, -NR₁₀COR₁₀, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R₁₀, -CHO, -COR₁₀, -CONH₂, -CONHR₁₀, -CON(R₁₀)₂, -COSH, -COSR₁₀, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR₁₀, -SO₂R₁₀, wherein R₁₀ is a linear, branched or cyclic, one to ten carbon saturated or unsaturated alkyl group,

X is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -OR, =O, =S, -O₂CR, -SH, -SR, -SOCR, -NH₂, -NHR, -N(R)₂, -NHCOR, -NRCOR, -I, -Br, -Cl, -F, -CN, -CO₂H, -CO₂R, -CHO, -COR, -CONH₂, -CONHR, -CON(R)₂, -COSH, -COSR, -NO₂, -SO₃H, -SOR, and -SO₂R;

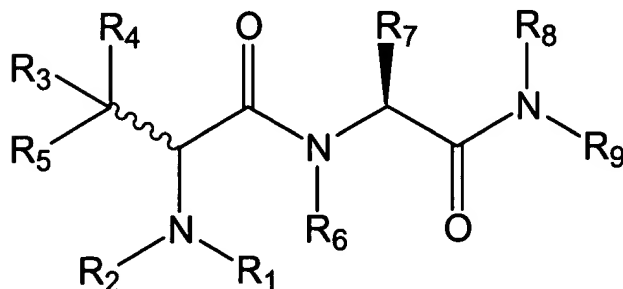
Ar is an aromatic ring selected from the group consisting of: phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl, furyl, pyrrolyl, thiophenyl, benzofuryl, benzothiophenyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, oxazolyl, and pyridinyl, optionally substituted with R or X;

Y is a linear, unsaturated, two to six carbon alkyl group, optionally substituted with phenyl, naphthyl, anthracyl, phenanthryl or a saturated or unsaturated moiety having a linear, branched, or non-aromatic cyclic skeleton containing one to ten carbon atoms

optionally substituted with: =S, -OH; and

Z is defined as a moiety selected from the group consisting of: -OH, -SH; -NH₂;
or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

77. (New) The compound of claim 75, having the configuration:



78. (New) The compound of claim 75, having the configuration:

